

# The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. X.

QU'APPELLE, N.W.T., THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 1895.

No. 14.

## QU'APPELLE.

R. MOLLOY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses,  
Qu'Appelle Station, Assa.

A. HOLLINGSHEAD, House, Sign and  
Carriage Painter. Graining, Glazing,  
Paper Hanging and Kalsomining promptly  
executed.

CITY MEAT MARKET. Fresh Meat  
of all kinds kept constantly on hand,  
lowest prices. W. H. BELL, Proprietor.

D. C. E. CARTHEW, Qu'Appelle, Phy-  
sician, Surgeon, Coroner Etc. Gradu-  
ate Toronto University and Licentiate Col-  
lege Physicians and Surgeons, Ont.

WALTER HENDERSON, M.D.C.M.,  
Qu'Appelle Station. Graduate of  
McGill University, Montreal. Office next  
door to Mr. Beauchamp's store.

G. S. DAVIDSON, Licensed Auctioneer.  
For the North-West Territories.  
Sales conducted on the shortest notice.  
Arrangements can be made at my Office,  
or at the Progress Office, Qu'Appelle.

A. D. DICKSON, Barrister, Advocate,  
Solicitor, etc.  
Office, first door south of the Queen's Hotel,  
Qu'Appelle St.

W. M. SMITH, Advocate, Notary Public,  
Collections and Real Estate Agent.  
Indian Head office at the house of Mr.  
Welsh, who will attend to any business  
during his absence.

R. JOHNSTON, Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia.  
Dealer in Canadian and Imported  
Heavy Draft Horses. Livery, Feed and  
Sale Stables. First Class Bigs. Daily  
Stage to Fort Qu'Appelle.

## FARM LANDS FOR SALE.

The North-West Lands of the  
Estate of the late W. R. THISTLE,  
comprising

**4,000 ACRES**  
Of Valuable Improved

**FARM PROPERTY**  
ARE NOW OFFERED  
FOR SALE ON  
**Most Reasonable Terms.**

For full particulars apply to  
**A. D. DICKSON,**  
BARRISTER,  
QU'APPELLE.

## COAL

**Cheaper than Wood.**

American Hard "Stove," \$12 de-  
livered, \$11.50 on car.  
Canadian Anthracite "Stove," \$9.25  
delivered, \$8.75 on car.  
Galt, \$6.35 on car, \$6.60 in shed.  
Hassard, \$4.25 in shed, \$4 in car.

Have a look at my Drop Siding,  
823.

**J. H. MacCAUL,**  
QU'APPELLE.

## OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

ROYAL MAIL LINES.

Cheapest and quickest route to the Old  
Country.

	From Montreal.
Vancouver	Domination Line Jan. 24
Oregon	" " Feb. 7
Laurentian	Aylan Line Jan. 17
Numidian	" " Jan. 31
	From New York.
Britannic	White Star Line Jan. 23
Majestic	" " Jan. 30
	From New York.
State of Nebraska	Allan State Line, Jan. 26
State of California	" " Jan. 31
Persia	Hamburg-American Line, Jan. 26
Christiania	" " Jan. 31
	From New York.
Cabin \$10, \$15, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$40, \$50, \$60, \$70, \$80, up- wards. Intermediate \$30. Steerage \$10 and upwards.	
Passengers ticketed through to all points in Great Britain and Ireland and at specially low rates to all parts of the European Con- tinent. Prepaid passages arranged from all points.	
Apply to nearest Railway or Steamship Agent, to	
E. W. WARNER, Qu'Appelle. Or to ROBERT KERR, General Passenger Agent, Winnipeg.	

## FOR SALE.

TWO PAIRS BOW-SLEIGHS, second  
hand, cheap. Also, wanted to buy  
dressed Pork.  
W. H. BELL,  
Qu'Appelle Station.

## Holiday Season!

IS FAST APPROACHING

And now is the time to make your  
selections. Don't delay. My stock  
is complete in all the following  
lines:

**Fur Coats  
Fur Caps  
Overshoes  
Felt Socks  
Buck & Wool Mitts  
Moccasins & Felt  
Boots.**

I have just received a shipment  
of INDIAN PEKOE TEA, shipped  
direct from Calcutta. Try a pound.  
My stock of Groceries for the  
Christmas trade was never so com-  
plete. Come and see for yourself.

**J. P. Beauchamp.**

THE FAMOUS  
**Dominion Pants Co.**  
**SUITS**  
FROM  
**\$13**  
TO ORDER.  
AGENT:  
**R. E. SMITH**  
Qu'Appelle Station.  
1000 Samples to select from.  
HEAD OFFICE:  
364, ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

**Qu'Appelle Valley  
FLOUR MILLS,**  
FORT QU'APPELLE.

Hungarian Patent  
Strong Bakers  
Graham  
BRAN, SHORTS, CHOP,  
CRACKED WHEAT.  
Chopper for Grinding Feed Stuffs.  
Full supply always on hand  
at **BULYEA'S STORE.**  
Support Local Industry.

**JOYNER & ELKINGTON,**  
PROPRIETORS.

**OH, SAY!**  
Did you see those pretty  
**Baby Carriages**

Where there is such a fine display  
of **FURNITURE, PICTURE**  
**FRAMES, &c., &c.?**

No! Where is that?

**At Bulyea's Store,**  
OF COURSE.

**ASTRAY.**  
CAME on to the premises of the under-  
signed on or about the 10th inst.,  
one Bay MARE, two white hind legs, white  
spot on forehead; one Bay HORSE, brand-  
ed X on left shoulder; one Bay Broncho  
HORSE, branded B on left shoulder. The  
owner will please prove property, pay ex-  
penses and take them away.  
X. GERGER,  
Sec. 20, Tp. 16, R. 17, W. 2nd.

**TO BE SOLD.**  
HORSES and Cattle to be sold on  
reasonable terms. Apply to  
**F. R. BLAKENEY,**  
Sec. 36, Tp. 17, R. 15.

## CALL AND GET A NORTH- WEST ALMANAC

**CREAMER BROS.,**  
**DRUGGISTS**

And Stationers,  
**Qu'Appelle Station.**

Office of  
**J. P. CREAMER, V.S.**

## TOYS AND PRESENTS

**NEW STOCK**  
**Can't be Kept. Must Go**  
**CHEAP, CHEAP FOR CASH.**

**CARTHEW'S**  
**DRUG STORE**  
**QU'APPELLE.**

## WARNING.

**\$100 REWARD!**  
We are informed that unscrupulous dealers  
are in the habit of selling pieces and parts of  
plugs of inferior tobacco, representing them  
to be the genuine

**"T. & B."**

**Myrtle Navy.**  
The genuine plug is stamped with the letters  
"T & B" in bronze. Purchasers will confer  
a favor by looking for the trade mark when  
purchasing.  
A reward of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS  
will be given to anyone for information lead-  
ing to the conviction of any person or  
persons guilty of the above fraudulent  
practices, or infringing on our trade mark  
in any manner whatsoever.

**Geo. E. Tuckett & Son Co.,**  
(LIMITED.)  
**HAMILTON, ONT.**

## The Municipal Elections Over.

**Result of the Municipal Elec-  
tions Held on Mon-  
day Last.**

**Henley Elected For Reeve by  
a Large Majority Over  
Vicars.**

**Raymond and Webster Head  
the Poll as Councillors  
For Qu'Appelle.**

**The Defeated Candidates Sur-  
prised, and Hope for Bet-  
ter Luck Next Time.**

The polling for reeve and coun-  
cillors on Monday took place in a  
blinding blizzard—the worst of the  
season so far. Consequently the  
town was very much quieter than  
it would most likely otherwise have  
been. Nevertheless groups of en-  
thusiasts were to be seen in quiet  
corners discussing the situation.  
It was patent to all from an early  
hour that for the position of reeve  
Mr. Henley was the favorite, as far  
as the town vote was concerned.  
The general opinion as to the com-  
position of our future council seemed  
to be almost unanimous, the only  
doubt apparently existing was as to  
which of them would head the poll.  
That honor was conceded to be be-  
tween either A. Raymond or A.  
Webster. As it will be seen, they  
came in in the order named. The  
following is the result of the polling  
at the different places:

FOLLING STATIONS.										
CANDIDATES.	QU'APPELLE.									
	Dale's.	McLean.	Foster's.	Banks's.	Davis.	Smith's.	Engelham.	Totals.		
For Reeve.										
W. Henley,	46	15	22	10	9	11	23	3	139	
W. Vicars.	24	119	2	8	324	2			83	
For Councillors.										
A. Raymond.	62	9	47	9	14	210	5	144		
A. Webster.	54	610	5	17	620	5	132			
J. Smith.	47	11	10	6	7	8	23	4	121	
R. Craig.	43	16	7	5	726	0	113			
F. Hicks.	29	610	11	11	915	5	143			
P. Carter.	38	417	6	13	6	8	0	92		
Matthews.	18	8	21	4	9	130	0	31		
H. Kidd.	15	522	610	3	11	1	74			
Jenkinson.	12	15	12	1	2	145	0	62		
C. Hill.	12	2	16	7	0	5	19	4	65	
Stewart.	9	421	3	1	2	9	0	52		
Scott.	17	311	2	3	5	8	0	39		
Chapman.	10	1	5	3	1	1	0	22		

**New Patents.**  
The following list of United States  
patents, granted to Canadian in-  
ventors, December 18th and 25th,  
1894, is reported for this paper by  
James Sangster, Patent Attorney,  
Buffalo, N.Y.

Thomas Belair, Montreal, Canada,  
cultivator.  
George E. Edwards, assignor of  
one-fourth to W. Hartwell, Brant-  
ford, Canada, danger signal and lock  
for switches.

William Morrison, Toronto, water  
heater and cooler.  
John F. Pharo, Danville, as-  
signor to M. Boas, St. Hyacinthe,  
knitting machine.

William T. Vale, Toronto, Canada,  
and G. A. Ohl, Newark, N.J., as-  
signors to Vale Barrel Machine

**RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.**  
South American Rheumatic Cure for  
Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically  
cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action  
upon the system is remarkable and  
mysterious. The first dose greatly  
benefits. 75 cents. Sold by C.  
E. Carthew, Qu'Appelle.

Company, Limited, Hamilton, Can-  
ada, barrel making machine.

Andrew C. Davidson, St. Thomas,  
Canada, pneumatic tire for bicycles.  
Francis Lousaw, and T. E. Clark,  
Bothwell, Canada, insect powder  
dusting machine.

Stanley C. Penchen, assignor of  
one half to P. Clark, Toronto, Can-  
ada, apparatus for vaporizing pet-  
roleum and other liquids.

David G. Gross, assignor of one-  
half to J. R. Eden, Berlin, Canada,  
car coupling.

**The Hermit's Way to be Happy.**

An old hermit there was, and he lived in a  
cave,  
Who the way to be happy 'twas said he could  
pave;  
Wanting sorely to learn it, I went to his  
cell,  
And no sooner was there than the hermit  
said, "Well,  
I perceive by your looks you are something  
young man;  
Tell me, then, all your wants: I'll befriend  
if I can."  
"Why, dear hermit," I answered, "you  
guess very right,  
And I'll tell you the cause of this visit to-  
night:  
The true way to be happy I hear you can  
teach,  
Which I want much to learn, so enter at once  
to preach;  
Or, if simply, I beg you will write me the  
plan  
To plan happy characters, short as you  
can."  
Upon this the old hermit then took up his  
pen,  
Wrote these lines and said, "Read them  
again and again:  
"It's being and doing, and having, that  
make  
All the pleasure and pains of which mortals  
partake;  
Now to be what God pleases, to do a man's  
best,  
And to have a pure heart: is the way to be  
blest."

**Curliana.**

An interesting curling game in  
the competition for a set of curling  
stones was played on Saturday  
night between rinks skipped by R.  
Johnston and Dr. Carthew. The  
following is the composition of the  
different rinks and their respective  
scores:

On Monday night the following game in the same competition was played:		W. H. Bell.		J. Unsworth.		A. Gray.		Dr. Carthew, skip.		Score, 6	
On Tuesday night:		F. Bell.		A. Hollingshead.		A. Raymond.		J. McLean.		Score, 10	
		Dr. Henderson.		A. Raymond.		J. McLean.		J. Johnston, skip.		Score, 7	
		W. J. Davidson.		J. McLean.		J. Johnston, skip.		Jas. Scott, skip.		Score, 6	

To-day the competition for the  
district medal takes place at Indian  
Head. Rinks are expected from  
Regina and Fort Qu'Appelle. Two  
rinks go from Qu'Appelle.

**Don't Stand Still.**

If you do, you will be run over.  
Motion! action! progress!—these  
are the words which now fill the  
vaults of heaven with their stirring  
demands, and make humanity's  
heart pulsate with a stronger bound.  
Advance, or stand aside; do not  
block up the way and hinder the  
career of others. There is too much  
to do now to allow of inaction any-  
where, or in any one. There is  
something for all to do; the world  
is becoming more and more known;  
wider in magnitude, closer in inter-  
est, more loving and more eventful  
than of old—not in deeds of dar-  
ing, not in the ensanguined field,  
not in chains and terrors, not in  
blood and tears and gloom; but in  
the leaping, vivifying, exhilarating  
impulses of a better birth of the  
soul. Let us do our part in this  
work.

**The Value of Married Men.**

"A little more animation, dear,"  
whispered Lady B— to the gentle  
Susan, who was walking languidly  
through a quadrille.  
"Do leave me to manage my own  
business, mamma," replied the pre-  
sident nymph. "I shall not dance  
my ringlets out of curl for a mar-  
ried man."  
"Of course not, my love. I was  
not aware who your partner was."

## The Event of the Season

**The Ball Last Thursday Even-  
ing a Most Enjoyable  
Affair.**

**The Spread One of the Finest  
Ever Seen in the North-  
west.**

**Beautiful Women and Handsome  
Men Dance to Strains of  
Lovelvy Music.**

**Ladies Who Were There—What  
They Were Arrayed In—  
Ornaments.**

A charming and most successful  
ball was given by Mr. Hattley Gis-  
borne at the Queen's Hotel, Qu'Ap-  
pelle Station, on Thursday, January  
the 10th. About thirty couples  
enjoyed his bounteous hospitality,  
and danced the hours away to the  
delightful music of the Mounted  
Police band from Regina. A most  
recherche and sumptuous supper  
was served at 12 o'clock, and dan-  
cing was kept up with great zest till  
3 in the morning. Tastefully deco-  
rated rooms, good music and pretty  
women combined to make it most  
enjoyable and one of the pleasantest  
affairs of the kind Qu'Appelle has  
known for many years. Among  
those present were:

Mrs. G. Pearson Bell, costly black satin  
and lovely flowers, gold ornaments.  
Mrs. Beauchamp, handsome black silk,  
with elegant feather fan.  
Mrs. H. Boyce, black silk and lace.  
Mrs. Brodie, white silk and silver.  
Miss K. Boyce, salmon pink swan's  
down, natural flowers.  
Miss N. Boyce, cream and yellow.  
Miss A. Boyce, pale blue and lace.  
Mrs. Creamer, brown silk and velvet.  
Miss Carter, black lace, silver ornaments  
and diamond brooch.  
Mrs. Davidson, mauve dress, shot silk.  
Miss Bessie Davidson, white embroidered  
frocks.  
Mrs. Bessie Harvey, white silk and red  
fan.  
Miss Henley, cream and pink.  
Miss Jewell, cream and lace.  
Mrs. Kidd, black silk, red trimmings.  
Miss Kidd, white cashmere and pale blue.  
Miss Mackay (Qu'Appelle) cream delaine  
and mauve, violets.  
Mrs. Angus Mackay, black silk.  
Miss Mackay, white bengaline.  
Mrs. Kirkland, black broche silk.  
Mrs. W. B. Sheppard, black lace, small  
diamond star.  
Miss Sheppard, cream delaine, with white  
velvet and dark green velvet, pearl orna-  
ments.  
Miss Doby Sheppard, white silk, with  
undergarments.  
Miss May Sheppard, cream cashmere.  
Mrs. Margaret, black broche silk.  
Mrs. E. Biddle, black delaine and  
panniers.  
Mrs. Warner, heliotrope cashmere and  
lace.

**The Rule of the House.**

At an excellent hotel not a hun-  
dred miles from Liverpool they were  
one day short of a waiter, when a  
newly-arrived Hibernian was hastily  
made to supply the place of a more  
expert hand.  
"Now, Barney," said mine host,  
"mind you serve every man with  
soup, anyhow."  
"Bedad, I'll do that same," said  
the alert Barney.  
Soup came on the start, and Bar-  
ney, after helping all but one guest,  
came upon the last one.  
"Soup, sir?" said Barney.  
"No soup for me," said the guest.  
"But you must have it said Bar-  
ney: 'it is the rule of the house.'"  
"Confound the house!" exclaimed  
the guest, highly exasperated.  
"When I don't want soup I won't  
eat it. Get along with you!"  
"Well," said Barney, with sol-  
emnity, "all I can say is just this:  
It's the regulations of the house,  
and the devil a drop else ye'll get  
till ye finish the soup!"  
The traveler then gave in, and  
the soup was gobbled.



[illegible]



# TRUE NOBILITY.

SECOND ARTICLE.

Written expressly for the Progress.

Genuine nobility does not consist in the possession of wealth. We may safely assert that this idea of nobility is, more than any other, recognized in our day. There is one fact connected with this nobility theory which, to say the least, warms the suspiciousness of its validity, and it is this—that we feel a general aversion to the men who inordinately covet that which it practically recognizes as the source of nobility, namely, wealth. Now, this cannot be the case with genuine nobility, for that which imparts it is not too ardently sought—too strongly loved. To honor a man for his possession of that which you blame him for loving, is nothing short of rank absurdity. The egregious folly of this deference to the golden image will be further seen in the fact that poverty is not infrequently the effect of the very qualities which all good men will commend. To invest wealth with honor is to sap the very foundation of individual progression, for in holding out so paltry a prospect to the chief places in the social Synagogue, men cannot but be rendered indifferent to that which ought to insure their esteem.

Let us not be regarded as denouncing acquisition of wealth. The natural advantages it confers render it worthy of pursuit, and surely those advantages are sufficient without our establishing it as an indisputable doctrine that because a man is rich, his bare name should qualify him for the honor and respect which rightly belong to worth.

We have thus, to some extent, shown what true nobility is not. The truths we have asserted may have been far from palatable, inasmuch as their declaration is tantamount to a verdict of rank stupidity against that stubborn dogmatist common consent. We venture, however, to record that verdict, and hazard the prediction that the day is not far distant when it will be as cordially accepted by the many as it is now defended by the few. Often has it had to encounter the scaffold and the stake, and in more modern times, to battle with the paltry species of persecution which our conventional arrangements can supply.

We remark in the first place, that it comprises morality. The superiority of this position to that taken by the supporters of any of the nobility theories which have come under our notice, will at once be seen by calling to mind the advice of Lord Bacon, "Let states that aim at greatness take heed how their nobility and gentry do multiply too fast, for that maketh the common subject given to be a peasant and a base swain, driven out of heart, and in effect but a gentleman's laborer." Now, it is evident that if we regard morality as the basis of nobility, we are not doing homage to that which we need fear should multiply too fast, and surely to regard as the nobility a class whom it is the interest of the community to check and confine within a very narrow compass, is no compliment to the intelligence of that community, and is ill adapted to facilitate its progression. One ground upon which we hold morality to be an essential part of nobility, is the mastery which the individual whom it influences acquires over his inferior dispositions. The progress of civilization by no means lessens the temptations to vice, and the man who can grapple with these temptations and come off conqueror, ranks far above the staid-bedizened and garter-decorated crowd who make their lofty position the vehicle of licentiousness and of screening themselves from the opprobrium which, under ordinary circumstances that licentiousness might secure. Morality strengthens its claim to be noble by its bona fide exaltation of the man. This cannot be said of any of the shams to which we have alluded, and for this simple reason—they are shams. You may preface a man's name with all the titles which the Court Guide contains and yet not elevate him.

The rank is but the guinea's stamp. The man's the gold for 't. And you can never by the application of the stamp, impart value to the gold. Again, the effects of morality demand our esteeming the men whom it especially influences as the excellent of their race. A virtuous example is of the highest

benefit to a state, and therefore he who sets that example richly deserves its honors. Morality, then, is the stepping-stone to nobility. It fact, without it nobility is unattainable. In spite of all peerage lists, we unhesitatingly assert that no man can be noble unless he is moral, and we most heartily subscribe to the opinion of St. Chrysostom, where he says, "It is a shame for a man to desire honor because of his noble progenitors, and not to deserve it by his own virtue." Again we remark that genuine nobility comprises high intellectual cultivation.

In asserting this, we are, of course, antagonistic to the general opinion, which, as we have shown in its estimation of nobility, takes no cognizance of intelligence. Indeed, it would be prejudicial to the interests of the old order of nobility were that cognizance taken, for it happens that, as a rule, its possessors have scarcely cultivated anything less than their intellects. Do not accuse us of lacking charity in asserting this, for we happen to be supported by high ecclesiastical authority—none other than that of the incomparable Dean Swift, who, in the introduction of one of his sermons, addressed to this illustrious class, uses these, solemn words, "Brethren, there are three sorts of pride, of birth, of wealth, and of talents. I shall not now speak of the latter, none of you being addicted to this abominable vice." If the worthy dean lived in our own day, and were to reverse this old sermon, we would engage that this portion of the introduction would not be erased. To say the least, an unwarrantable love of ease, and a decided preference for the frivolities of life, are the leading characteristics of the privileged of the order. There can be but few persons who are not prepared to admit that the intellectual powers are the noblest with which humanity has been invested; and we take it as a natural consequence that the man who is diligent and successful in their cultivation is an ennobled man.

(To be continued.)

## The Private Post Card.

Instructions have been issued by the post office department that private cards, prepared by a one-cent postage stamp, affixed to the rear, may be sent by mail within the Dominion, under the following regulations:

The cards must be composed of ordinary card-board, not thicker than the card used for the ordinary post card.

The maximum size, having regard to the variety of form, must correspond as nearly as possible to the size of the ordinary Canada post card now in use.

The maximum size must not be less than 3½ inches by 2½ inches.

The cards must not be folded.

On the address side, upon which the postage stamp used in prepayment must be affixed, nothing may be written, printed or otherwise impressed, except the name and address of the person to whom the card is to be delivered, and the name and address of the sender of the card, and the words "private post card." Nothing may be written, printed or otherwise impressed across the postage stamp.

On the reverse side of the card, any communication, whether of the nature of a letter or otherwise, may be written or printed. Nothing whatever may be attached to a private post card.

The infringement of any of the foregoing rules will render the card liable to letter postage.

## Santaluta Siftings.

Christmas and New Years passed off very quietly in town.

The first annual meeting of the Santaluta school district, took place in the Temperance House on the first Thursday in the New Year, the trustees being C. J. Dutton, Ingham and Mitchell, the former being appointed chairman.

The yearly fight took place at the Modern Bidulph—formerly known as Spring Coulee school district, the adopted son of one of our worthy farmers taking a prominent part in the proceedings.

It is rumored that the wood from the farmers' elevator has been discovered in a strange manner lately. It would be as well for the board of directors to investigate the matter in the interests of the stockholders.

The magistrate's decision in the Winnipeg nickle-in-the-slot cases has been quashed.

## NOTES BY THE WAY.

### A Feature in the Career of the Late Premier.

"There's a child among ye takin' notes, An' faith he'll print 'em."

I gather from an old country contemporary that one feature in the career of the Canadian Premier, which came to so tragic an end at Windsor Castle recently, is worth more notice than it has received. Like Sir John Macdonald, Sir John Thompson began life with very few advantages. His father, Mr. John Sparrow Thompson, was a native of Waterford, Ireland, who emigrated to Nova Scotia; he was a printer, and his son went to the public elementary school at Halifax, and fought his own way in life—first as a reporter and lawyer's clerk and then as a barrister.

Attempting to run a garden where the ground has not been properly prepared, and where it has no protection from the inroads of cattle, is worse than having no garden at all, for it is a source of constant anxiety, loss of time and loss of produce, where any worthy name has been allowed to grow. The first two essential points to be gained are the proper preparation of the land and strong fence material efficiently set up; then planting and sowing may be got on with, and the result, where proper care afterwards is bestowed, will be one of pleasure and profit, to say nothing of the health-giving exercise which gardening carries with it. More especially would this occupation be of immense benefit to those of the gentler sex of a family; it would not only break the monotony of the daily round of domestic duties, but it would give enjoyable relaxation in the open air, and be the means of bringing back that healthy glow on many an otherwise pale cheek. I have noticed that in the majority of cases where women take to gardening—that is, go in for it systematically and vigorously—that their praiseworthy efforts are crowned with success. Spasmodic gardening is of little use. Regular attention, if only a couple of hours daily during the season for gardening operations, would be, on a moderate sized plot, sufficient to keep things in apple-pie order; but the attention must be given regularly. There must be no putting off; that is fatal. Nature is good and kind to us, so long as we keep pace with her, but she is impatient of neglect.

It is astonishing what an amount of work some young men, very young, I might say, can, according to their own telling, compass in a given time. For instance, must we not stand in positive wonder and admiration when we hear of a young fellow cutting nearly two cords of wood between breakfast and dinner, having prepared both meals himself; then at two o'clock starting off upon a four-mile walk to see a man with whom he talks (you bet he does) for a considerable time; then, to vary the proceedings, he amuses the children of his host by playing a month organ for half an hour, and after smoking the calumet of peace with his friend, once more takes the trail and starts back to town, again on foot, and reaching home, gets in wood and snow, sets the stove going, and ultimately finds himself sitting down to his self-prepared supper before six o'clock. To such electric achievements we can but raise our hands and exclaim: Prodigious! This beats Old Time hollow. Indeed, that venerable gentleman might as well lay down his sythe and take a rest, while such miraculous performances are being enacted, for he is certainly out of the running.

I once heard a man say: "I can believe anything about dogs." If the following would not shake his belief, his dogged pertinacity is as great as some Indian tribes in respect to their pow-wows. The incident runs as follows, and is from an old country contemporary. An English wire-haired terrier slipped out of the house shortly before 6 p.m. The neighborhood was searched, but no trace of him could be found. At 10:30 p.m. he was brought back to the house by a railway porter. The dog had in the interval been to Staines, whence his master had moved two months previously. It appears that the sagacious canine creature was seen by the guard of the 6:34 train to jump into one of the carriages at Bishop's Road Station, and got out at west Drayton, where it is necessary to change for Staines. Arriving safe and sound at his destination, he betook himself off to his master's summer residence, where the housekeeper se-

cured him and sent him back—this time at the end of a string. What do you think?

## THE MARKETS.

Wheat—There has been nothing eventful in the course of wheat prices this week, and the highest range during the week did not vary materially from last Saturday's prices.

Wheat locally—Prices for Manitoba wheat hold firm at the advance. Some dealers have been talking about a collapse of the recent "boom" in local prices, but so far no weakness is apparent. As the wheat is nearly all held by two or three concerns, and mostly by millers, it seems hardly probable that they will allow any important decline to take place in prices. So far the millers continue to take nearly all the wheat marketed in the country. The fact that 50,000 bushels of Manitoba wheat in store at Buffalo has been purchased by a leading miller to ship back to Canada, gives strength to the theory that the export business was overdone last fall, and that millers were shorter of Manitoba wheat than was counted upon. There is not much business doing outside of purchases from farmers in country markets where the usual price is 50c per bushel for No. 1 hard, though at some points, owing to local influences, from 6 to 7c higher has been paid.

Flour—Locally there is no change. Sales to local trade by millers are made at \$1.65 per cwt., and \$1.85 bakers, delivered, with large lots at 6c under these figures.

Butter—Market still very dull. About 17c per lb. appears to be about as high as anything is going in dairy, and very good lots could be quoted about 16c.

Cheese—Dealers are selling at 11c per lb. Eggs—Fresh, 18c; dried, 17c; old dried, 12c.

Lard—We quote pure, \$1.50 for 20-pound pails and \$4.65 for 50-pound pails; compound at \$1.75 per 20-pound pail; compound in 5 and 10 pound tins, 90c per case of 60 pounds. Pure lard in 5, 10 and 20 pound tins, quoted at \$6.75 per case of 60 pounds.

Poultry—Prices are lower at 9 to 10c for turkeys dressed, per pound. Ducks, dressed, 8c; geese 7 to 8c. Chickens 5 to 7c.

Hay—Loose hay on the street market is selling at about \$4 per ton; baled hay, \$4 to \$4.50 per ton.

Live stock—The local market is very dull for live stock. We quote cattle at from 2½ to 3c per pound; sheep purely nominal at about 24c per lb.; Hogs are being taken by packers at 24 to 26c, as to quality; car lots of average quality about 25c—Winnipeg Commercial.

## OUR LOCAL MARKET.

Wheat, 55 to 60c; little offering. Oats, wholesale 50c, retail 40c, per bushel. Bran, 80c, per 100 lbs.; 21c per ton. Flour—Hungarian, \$2.25; Strong Bakers, \$2 per sack of 95 lbs. Best per meal, 4c; joints, 10c; Pork, 15c, per 100 lbs.; 8 to 12c per lb. according to choice. Mutton, 10 to 12c per lb.; per carcass, 15c. White fish, 6c for quantities; 8c, per lb. Potatoes, 7c per bushel. Cabbage, 15c, per lb. Onions 4 lbs. for 5c. Hay, \$4 to 5 per ton. Butter, 15c, per lb. Cheese, 17c, per lb. Eggs 20c per doz.

Perry Owens, a boy of Knoxville, Tenn., stuck his tongue to a frozen hatchet and his speech is now ruined.

An exchange says that a woman's character has been likened to a postage stamp—one black mark ruins it. Man's like a treasury note—no matter how many stains, it passes at par. And why is it?

Known Everywhere. Sold Everywhere. Grown Everywhere.

### FERRY'S SEEDS

Ask your dealer for them, and get the best for 1895. Invaluable to all planters and lovers of Fine Vegetables and Beautiful Flowers. Write for Free D.M. FERRY & CO. Windsor, Ont.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

### Direct Connection

With Steamers at HALIFAX AND NEW YORK For all European, South American and South African points.

Return Tickets on sale to all Pacific Coast points, Hawaiian Islands, Australia, China and Japan.

Sailings From Vancouver: FOR AUSTRALIA: MOWERA, Jan. 16; WARRIMOO, Feb. 16. FOR CHINA AND JAPAN: EMPRESS OF INDIA, Jan. 7. EMPRESS OF JAPAN, Feb. 4.

For tickets and information apply to E. W. WARNER, Agent, Qu'Appelle, or to HOLT KERR, General Passenger Agent, Winnipeg.

## THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE TONIC

### STOMACH AND LIVER CURE

The Wonderful HEALTH BUILDER & NERVE FOOD

This Remedy cures Indigestion and Dyspepsia, as well as all Nervous Diseases, by acting on the Nerve Centres at the base of the brain. It has been absolutely demonstrated, that two-thirds of our diseases and ailments, are due to the deranged Nerve Centres at the base of or within the brain.

### SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE IS A WONDERFUL CURE FOR INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA,

Loss of Appetite, Weight and Tenderness in the Stomach. Sour Stomach Pain in the Stomach. Wind upon the Stomach. Nausea and Sick Stomach. Sick-Headache. Hiccough. Water Brash. Heartburn. Vertigo and Dizziness. Sleeplessness. Frightful Dreams, etc.

The Stomach suffers more than any of the other organs from disease, because into it are taken so many indigestible and irritating substances as articles of food. In its great effort to digest these, it soon becomes weakened and diseased. Under such circumstances, it is not wonderful that so many complain of Indigestion and weak stomachs. When the stomach fails to digest and assimilate the food, the whole body falls into a state of weakness and decay. For Nature has decreed that the body must constantly receive nutriment through the stomach, to repair the waste of tissue constantly going on in the system.

### The South American Nervine

Is probably the greatest remedy ever discovered for the cure of all Chronic Stomach troubles, because it acts through the nerve centres. It gives marked relief in ONE DAY, and very soon effects a permanent cure. The first bottle will convince anyone that a cure is certain.



It will cure you. July 16th, 1893. Walkerton, Ont.



It will cure you. July 16th, 1893. Walkerton, Ont.

WHAT EX-MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT, REUBEN L. TRUMAN, SAYS: I have been for about ten years very much troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia, have tried a great many different kinds of patent medicines, and have been treated by a number of physicians and found no benefit from them. I was recommended to try SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE. I obtained a bottle, and I must say I have found very great relief, and have since taken two more bottles, and now feel that I am entirely free from indigestion, and would strongly recommend all my fellow sufferers from the disease, to give SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE an immediate trial.

(My signature) Reuben L. Truman

A MINISTER OF THE GOSPEL SPEAKS. Peterborough, Ontario, June 27th, 1893.

DEAR SIR,—I have much pleasure in recommending the great SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE to all who are afflicted as I have been, with nervous prostration and indigestion. I found very great relief from the very first bottle, which was strongly recommended to me by my doctor. I also induced my wife to use it, who, I must say, was completely run down and was suffering very much from general debility. She found great relief from SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE, and also cheerfully recommends it to her fellow sufferers.

(My signature) Rev. W. S. Barker

### Sick Headache

Is dependent on deranged nerve centres and indigestion. Hence its cure must come through building up the Nervous System and curing the Stomach. SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE will absolutely cure this dreaded malady and prevent its return.

### A SWORN CURE FOR ST. VITUS'S DANCE.

CRANFORDVILLE, Indiana. My daughter, twelve years old, had been afflicted for several months with St. Vitus's Dance. She was reduced to a skeleton, could not walk, could not talk, could not swallow anything but milk; I had to handle her like an infant. Doctors and neighbors gave her up. I commenced giving her the SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE Tonic, and the effects were very surprising. In three days she was rid of her nervousness, and rapidly improved. Four bottles cured her completely. I think the SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE the greatest remedy ever discovered, and would recommend it to everyone. MRS. W. T. ECKSTROM, State of Indiana.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this May 1st, 1894. CHAS. M. TRAVIS, Notary Public.

### PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

C. E. CANTHEW, Qu'Appelle, Wholesale and Retail Agent. DR. HALL, Agent, Fort Qu'Appelle. A. J. ORCHARD, Agent, Indian Head. R. B. TAYLOR, Agent, Grenfell.

## Weekly Free Press, \$1. Semi-Weekly, \$2. TO JANUARY 1, 1896.

Any person who, before January 1st next, sends in a year's subscription for either of above papers will receive the paper until January 1st, 1896, and will receive also

### A VALUABLE PREMIUM.

one of a list of well bound books, worth 75c., which are now on hand in the Free Press office, till the supply is exhausted.

The list of books is published in the Weekly and Semi-Weekly Free Press, and they will be sent out as fast as the orders come in. Early orders will have widest choice.

In sending your orders name several books. If your first choice is out of stock, second will be sent, and so on.

Orders must in all cases be direct from the subscriber to the Free Press, accompanied by the year's subscription in full.

This offer will positively not be open after December 31st.

The Weekly or Semi-Weekly Free Press is, either one, superior to any other weekly paper in Manitoba or the Northwest.

### THE MANITOBA FREE PRESS CO

## NOTICE.

THE annual meeting of the South Qu'Appelle Agricultural Society will be held in the Council Chamber, on Saturday, the 19th of January, 1895, at 2 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of winding up the last year's business and the election of officers for the ensuing year, etc. By order, J. DOOLITTLE, Secretary-Treasurer.

## IN POUND.

On Dec. 22, 17, 18, 19, 20, one BAY PONY MARK, about 15 hands high, 6 or 7 years old.

LOUIS ARNOLD, Indian Head.

CHOICE FLOWERING & VEGETABLE PLANTS WHOLESALE & RETAIL

FOR ROYAL GREENHOUSE

WANNIPPE, MAN.

Self-feeding Cultivation

PRINTING OF ALL KINDS DONE AT THE PROGRESS OFFICE.

## A Big Dollar's Worth

The Winnipeg Weekly Tribune, which is acknowledged to have—even by rival publishers—the largest circulation of any paper published in Canada west of Lake Superior, is now offering great inducements to intending subscribers. It can be obtained from now to January 1st, 1895, for \$1—a very slight advance on the cost of the white paper used in its publication. At its regular price of \$1 a year The Weekly Tribune is certainly extra value, and with the balance of this year free the offer becomes an extraordinary one. The fact that the Weekly Tribune reaches more homes in the North-West than any other paper published, is strong evidence that it is recognized as the great family newspaper. It publishes Dr. Falconer's sermon each week, and gives more Manitoba and North-West news from its own correspondents than all other Winnipeg papers combined. This is especially interesting to the settler, as almost every district is represented. It can be had from now to the end of next year by sending \$1 to the Tribune Publishing Co., Winnipeg.



Qu'Appelle Observatory.		
Reading of the thermometer for the week ending Tuesday, Jan. 15, 1895.		
	Maximum.	Minimum.
Wednesday, Jan. 9	-1	-22
Thursday, Jan. 10	-4	-20
Friday, Jan. 11	-8	-20
Saturday, Jan. 12	-5	-15
Sunday, Jan. 13	25	2
Monday, Dec. 14	21	13
Tuesday, Dec. 15	9	2

WIND DIRECTION AND VELOCITY.		
	G.M.	P.M.
Wednesday, Jan. 9	E 20	E 12
Thursday, Jan. 10	SW 8	SW 20
Friday, Jan. 11	SW 4	SE 4
Saturday, Jan. 12	S 13	S 33
Sunday, Jan. 13	S 13	S 25
Monday, Dec. 14	SW 21	SW 31
Tuesday, Dec. 15	SW 25	SW 25

## Local and General

—Dr. G. F. Guerin is in town.

—Mr. S. Edwards, Indian Head, was in town on Monday.

—Our old friend, Harry Walker, of Regina, was in town this week.

—Several commercial travellers were in town on Sunday and Monday.

—Tuberculosis has been discovered among some of Winnipeg's dairy cows.

—Mr. Robert Kidd, of M. Hat, is in town visiting his brother-in-law, Rev. Mr. Macalister.

—Messrs. R. E. Smith and J. North, Fort Qu'Appelle, paid the town a visit on Monday.

—The first of the series of quadrille dances will take place in the town hall on Thursday, the 24th instant.

—The municipal election has caused quite a flutter of excitement amongst the sporting element, several sweepstakes having been formed on the issue.

—The sixth annual convention of the Young Men's Christian Association of the Canadian West will be held in Brandon, Man., on Feb. 7, 8, 9 and 10.

—D. Campbell, the defaulting Whitewood postmaster, passed through on Saturday, en route to Regina to stand his trial. He was in charge of Sheriff Murphy.

—The expenditure of the Winnipeg Weights and Measures Department for the last fiscal year was \$5,760 01, and the receipts \$773 27. Rather an expensive branch, we should imagine.

—The train service, "owing no doubt to the stormy weather we have been experiencing," is very irregular. On Monday the snow drifted about in great style; fortunately the thermometer indicated but a few degrees of frost.

—We are told that wood-stealing is becoming a nightly occurrence. Some of the sneak thieves are known. We would advise them to cease their evil ways before it is too late, otherwise they may be afforded an opportunity for repentance.

—Mr. T. W. Leggo, representing the Woods Manufacturing Company, was in town on Thursday looking after the interests of his firm. Mr. Leggo reports having been more successful than he anticipated, notwithstanding the hard times.

—The alarm of fire was raised on Monday about 1 o'clock p.m., which caused hundreds of our citizens to rush out into the storm. Fortunately it was nothing more than a few sparks flying from the chimney on Mr. Frank Amas' house. People cannot be too careful of their fires these windy days.

—George H. Ham, formerly connected with the press of the city, and one of the best known and ablest journalists in Canada, has assumed control of the Nor'Wester. The paper in future will be distinctly Conservative in politics. It is understood the new editor has such strong financial support as to assure permanence and rapid advance.

—Owing to the change made last year in the qualifications required of justices of the peace in the Territories, and in order to bring all magistrates on an equal footing as to qualification, it is understood that all magistrate's commissions now existing will be cancelled shortly. New appointments will then be made, subject to the present qualification requirements. —Edmonton Bulletin.

—A few days ago two Winnipeg drummers arrived at Morris from Brandon by the N. P. When they began opening up their samples they were much surprised to find among their outfit a valise full of feminine apparel and another full of things masculine. It transpired upon enquiry that a bridal couple, who had left the train at Greenway, had taken two of the drummers' valises instead of their own, being too ab-

stracted with the bliss that has fallen upon them to notice the mistake.

—An accident which might have been attended with serious results, but happily was not, happened in the Leland Hotel on Monday morning, caused by the lamp of the hot water apparatus catching on fire. Mr. John Love had quite a narrow escape from being burned. As it was, some of the hair on his face was singed. We are, however, happy to say that genial John is otherwise all right.

—News reached us yesterday just as we were going to press that a Mr. Fitzgerald, brother of the postmaster at Grenfell, and living on his farm some ten miles out from that place, had been found dead in his stable on Sunday last. We have not been able so far to learn any particulars of the sad affair further than that part of his face had been eaten away in some unknown manner, and that when found the clock in his house—"a twenty-four hour one"—was going.

—The Presbyterians of Qu'Appelle held their annual congregational meeting in the Presbyterian Church on Tuesday last, at 8 o'clock p.m. The proceedings were opened with devotional exercises by the Rev. Mr. Macalister, after which the usual order of business was observed—reading the minutes of the last annual meeting, correspondence, statement of accounts, motions, etc. After the business was completed, the ladies regaled those present with an abundance of excellent tea and cakes, after which the meeting dispersed.

—Leonard C. Bell, Qu'Appelle Station, Assa., writes: "In your November number I read that this year's annual show of the South Qu'Appelle Agricultural Society was much below what it ought to have been, both in attendance and the number of exhibits placed, and I beg leave to state that this is altogether incorrect. The day arranged for the show (Oct. 3) was so unsuitable on account of bad weather that the show was postponed for a week, with the result that the show, when held, was an exceptionally good one. I was one of the directors in charge and could scarcely find room for the numerous exhibits of grains, roots, etc., and I have heard on all sides that the show of live stock was one of the best that has ever been held here. The judging was very highly approved of by nearly everybody. Kindly correct the erroneous impression which may be in the minds of many of your readers, and thus remove the blot from the fair shield of our society."—The Nor'West Farmer.

**Hotels.**  
Guerin's.

Chas. Lindon, T. W. Leggo, Winnipeg; H. Walker, A. B. Benson, W. Johnson, S. J. Bailey, Regina; J. M. Hastings, A. Stewart, J. Finlay, Indian Head; George Turner, Ed. Harvey, H. Boyce, St. John's; C. G. M. Matthews, Edgemoor; T. W. Scott, Moose Jaw; W. Imeson, Brandon; J. P. Guerin, Whitewood; Hugh Kidd, Qu'Appelle.

**LEADS.**  
Leslie Carr, J. B. Hawkes, W. Hyde, Brandon; A. McNair, Rutledge, E. H. Gault, W. Scott, D. J. Taylor, Winnipeg; Jas. Smith, Ed. Laker, H. Williams, Canby; C. A. Scott, Vancouver; W. J. Sayle, Astoria; Mr. and Mrs. Kirkland, Mr. and Mrs. Gribble, Deer Lake; Mr. and Mrs. Stuppel, Rossmore; W. B. Pacey, D. McKay, A. W. Sheppard, S. R. Edwards, Indian Head; Mrs. and Miss Brodie, R. S. Smith, J. B. North, John Stenhouse, Fort Qu'Appelle; D. Gault, Toronto; H. M. Peeling, Brantford; J. R. Miller, Montreal; J. Blackburn, Melton; G. A. Dwyer, Bolton; J. W. Peeling, Toronto; W. J. Lindsay, Brandon.

**Vice a Viper.**  
When you see a viper, or an asp, or a scorpion, in a box of silver or gold, you do not love and think it happy on account of the magnificent materials by which it is surrounded. Thus, when you see vice lodged in the midst of wealth, be not deceived. Give not homage to what is wrong, on account of the splendour that encompasses it.

**Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.**

**DR.**

**PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER**

**MOST PERFECT MADE.**

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

**40 YEARS THE STANDARD.**

## Correspondence.

Our columns are open to all for the discussion of public questions. Personalities will not be permitted. We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by correspondents.

### The Late Trial.

To the Editor of the Progress.

Sir,—The late trial at Qu'Appelle Station re dishonesty of contractors for public works, discloses the terribly unsatisfactory nature of the conditions which at present attach to these works. Surely there is slovenliness, to say the least, when a man can obtain work on roads from an M.L.A. without even his neighbors knowing anything about it, and send in a certificate that such work has been performed and get paid for the same, when really nothing has been done. And again, another forges the signatures of two of his neighbors to documents signifying that works have been performed satisfactorily, whereas in reality nothing has been done; it seems a very easy matter to trifle with the Public Works. If one would only take the trouble and keep his eyes open while travelling about, he will observe that this which is now made public is not the only instance where such dishonesty has been carried on. Thousands of dollars are expended on camps, roads and bridges, and what have we got to show for all this outlay? The fact is, the Government is being robbed constantly, and conscientious persons who are disgusted with these frauds find it no easy task to bring the offenders to justice. For instance, the case just disclosed has cost a few individuals in the neighborhood of \$200.

All this seems to show the imperative need for publicity. It is not known how the M.L.A. is distributing money assigned him.

If the present system of making grants to each district be continued, I should suggest that an improvement may be made in the following directions:

(1) Let notices be posted up, inviting tenders for contract. (2) By having notices proclaiming the party who has obtained the contract, also at what figure. (3) Visiting with very heavy penalties any cases of fraud.

It is impossible for a public inspector of works to be appointed. There is all the greater need of giving the public a chance to express opinion on the nature of the work done in a locality, and further to bring home to a contractor his responsibility by means of adequate penalties.

Would it not be a move in the right direction if the present system of grants to members of the Legislative Assembly were to be abolished, and for the Legislative Assembly as a body undertake the public works of the Territories? In this way more substantial and satisfactory work would be done, publicity obtained and jobbery diminished.

Let me draw the attention of the councillors of our local municipality to similar instances of robbery. When statute labor has to be performed, care should be taken that no quarter or half day is allowed to be palmed off for a whole day's work. Road masters should not leave it to our honesty to decide as to the quality and quantity of our statute labor. We are no longer innocent. The country is growing older and we are losing our opportunities. Now that we are to have a newly constituted municipal body, perhaps they will make a reformation—at all events, let us hope so.

### Statement Doubted.

To the Editor of the Progress.

Sir,—Having read the article headed "Hard Times at Lorie," in your issue of Jan. 3, in justice to the district of Lorie I wish to state a few facts. Can it be possible we have in our midst a young man who is not an idler and willing to work and yet in actual need and living on bread and tea only? And further, only done about sixteen days' work off his own farm during the year, and no butter, fruit, vegetables or groceries. Is not your correspondent joking? The fact is, there is scarcely a farmer in the whole district but who has a good garden and lots of vegetables, and their grain crops, if not good, has varied from about 200 bushels to 1200 each. Surely if this poor fellow had no crop of his own to harvest or thresh, he could have earned what would have met his requirements for the winter by

helping his neighbors. But the fact is we don't know of any such.

Surely if any man has lived here thirteen years he would know that for the last ten years there have been religious services held at Mr. T. Pallister's, and are still held there every alternate Sabbath. Rev. Mr. Small, of Kenil, minister. I am afraid your correspondent has got the blues. Like the gloomy spies of old who brought an evil report of Canaan, he can't see the beauty and richness of our Lorie district, and the stacks of hay and straw there are to keep cattle until spring opens to relieve us of the care of them.

We don't know of one farmer in the district but who has a good hay stack or abundance of other feed, and some who have not much stock will have hay to sell, and others will have fat steers for the spring markets.

If your correspondent thinks the needy young man referred to would accept of a good home for the winter months, with board, and would be willing to work and be agreeable, please send his address to the Post Master, Lorie.

The new school district is proclaimed, and Messrs. R. Aldous, J. McKen, and J. Teece, are appointed trustees.

We expect the school will be built during the summer, and the children flocking there from all quarters, as there are lots in the district, and no doubt but lectures, socials, concerts, etc., will all follow, and we shall yet see your correspondent eating of the good of the land.

JOSHUA.

### British Exports to Canada.

The Drapers' Record (London) says: "It will be noted with regret that the exports of wool and textile fabrics from Great Britain to Canada for September show a considerable falling off in every item except raw wool. For the nine months ending with September even that exception cannot be made. Taking the monthly report first, we find that while the imports of raw wool for September of last year amounted to only £92, they reached the value of £1599 in September of this year. But for the corresponding nine months in the two years the difference is all the other way. Last year the imports amounted to £11,560; this year they reach only £8,678. In cotton goods the imports have fallen in the same period from £483,453 to £383,633, while in worsted fabrics the discrepancy is still greater, the return showing £376,281 for last and only £392,180 this year. Hosiery exports have fallen from £225,452 to £131,282, woollen fabrics from £315,925 to £223,787, linen piece goods from £117,670 to £91,258, and silk and lace from £31,965 to £28,831. The record is not an encouraging one."

### Assiniboia.

A public meeting was held at Regina recently for the purpose of discussing the territorial exhibition to be held next fall. D. Mowat, M.L.A., was the first speaker. He said it was to be made a success one and all would have to put their shoulders to the wheel. After speaking to some length he moved the following resolution, seconded by George W. Brown: "That the following be an executive committee to confer with the Lieutenant-Governor in connection with the site, erect buildings, and generally to represent the interest of the Regina district at the approaching territorial exhibition, and that they have power to add to their number." Twenty-seven representative citizens were named. The motion was carried unanimously. G. W. Brown and J. W. Smith also spoke endorsing the appointment of a committee and emphasizing the fact that this was not a Regina, but a territorial exhibition.—Commercial.

Fire destroyed the residence of Dixon Bros., merchants, of Maple Creek, and the little four-year-old daughter of one of the brothers was burned to death. Her father had just left home by train for a trip east.

Wm. Young contemplates starting a carriage shop at Maple Creek.

### News Notes.

The French ministry has resigned.

The carnival ice palace is completed at Ottawa.

Toronto was visited on Sunday by a severe snow storm.

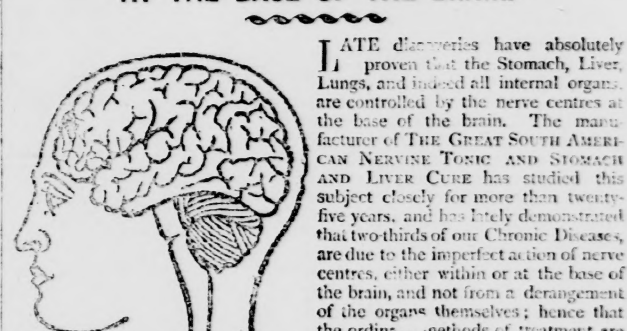
John Burke, the song and dance actor, has become insane.

It is feared that the statement of the Union Bank, of St. John's,

**LELAND HOUSE,**  
Qu'Appelle Station, - - Assa.  
Headquarters for Stage Lines to Fort Qu'Appelle.  
Commercial Travellers' Favorite House.  
Bar supplied with best brands of Liquors and Cigars,  
TERMS MODERATE. PORTER MEETS ALL TRAINS.  
LOVE & RAYMOND, Proprietors.

**COMMERCIAL HOTEL,**  
INDIAN HEAD, N.W.T.  
Repaired and furnished anew. Now first class in every respect.  
Excellent Sample Rooms for Travellers.  
Bar furnished with finest brands of Liquors and Cigars.  
PORTER MEETS ALL TRAINS.  
A. DAVIDSON, - - - Proprietor.

**TWO-THIRDS**  
OF ALL  
**OUR DISEASES & AILMENTS**  
ARE CAUSED BY  
**DERANGED NERVE CENTRES**  
AT THE BASE OF THE BRAIN.



LATE dysenteries have absolutely proven that the Stomach, Liver, Lungs, and indeed all internal organs, are controlled by the nerve centres at the base of the brain. The manufacturer of THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC and STOMACH AND LIVER CURE has studied this subject closely for more than twenty-five years, and has lately demonstrated that two-thirds of our Chronic Diseases, are due to the imperfect action of nerve centres, either within or at the base of the brain, and not from a derangement of the organs themselves; hence that the ordinary methods of treatment are wrong.

As all know, a serious injury to the spinal cord will at once cause Paralysis of the body below the injured part; it therefore will be equally well understood how the derangement of the nerve centres will cause the derangement of the different organs of the body which they supply with Nerve Fluid or Nerve Force.

The wonderful success of SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE is due alone to the fact that it is based on the foregoing principle. The use of a single bottle of this remedy will convince the most incredulous. It is, indeed, a veritable Nerve Food and WILL RELIEVE IN ONE DAY the varied forms of Nervous Disease and Stomach Troubles.

**Nervous Diseases.**  
This class of diseases is rapidly increasing each year, on account of the great war our mode of living and labor imposes upon the nervous system. Ninety per cent of all the ailments to which the human family is heir, are dependent upon nervous exhaustion, impaired digestion, and a deteriorated and impoverished condition of the blood. The SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE is a great nerve food and nerve builder, and this accounts for its marvellous power to cure the varied forms of nervous disease, such as Neuralgia, Nervousness, Nervous Prostration, St. Vitus' Dance, Nervous Choking, Nervous Paroxysms, Twitching of the Muscles, Hot Flashes, Mental Dependence, Forgetfulness, Sleeplessness, Restlessness, Nervousness of Females, Palpitation of the Heart, Sexual Weakness, etc., etc.

HARTFORD CITY, Blackford Co., Indiana, June 8, '93.  
South American Medicine Co.

GENTLEMEN: I received a letter from you May 27, stating that you had heard of my wonderful recovery from a spell of sickness of six years duration, through the use of SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE, and asking for my testimonial. I will gladly state how I was afflicted and how I was delivered from my pain and suffering. I was near thirty-five years old, when I took down with nervous prostration. Our family physician treated me, but without benefiting me in the least. My nervous system seemed to be entirely shattered, and I constantly had very severe shaking spells. In addition to this I would have vomiting spells, and there would be from fifteen to twenty days at a time that I could not eat anything on my stomach. Many consultations were held by physicians over my case, but they all agreed that I would never leave my bed. During the same I lay sick, my cousin, a prominent physician from Dayton, Ohio, and two friends, Columbus, Ohio, to come and examine me. They all said I could not live. I got to having spells like spasms, and I would be stiff for a time after each. At last I lost the use of my body—I could not rise from my bed or walk a step, and had to be lifted like a child; all the time suffering intense pain, and taking almost every known medicine. For of the time I could read a little, and one day saw an advertisement of your medicine and concluded to try one bottle. By the time I had taken one and one-half bottles, I could rise up and take a step or two by being helped, and after I had taken five bottles in all I felt real well. The shaking went away gradually, and I could eat and sleep good, and my friends could scarcely believe it was I. I am sure this medicine is the best in the world. It was a god-send to me, and I believe it saved my life. I give my name and address, so that if any one desires my statement they can write me, or our postmaster, or any citizen, as all are acquainted with my case. I am now forty-one years of age, and expect to live as long as the Lord has use for me and do all the good I can in helping the suffering.

MRS. ELLEN STOLTE

Will a remedy which can effect such a marvellous cure as the above, cure you?  
C. E. CARTHEW, Qu'Appelle, Wholesale and Retail Agent.  
DR. HALL, Agent, Fort Qu'Appelle.  
A. J. ORCHARD, Agent, Indian Head.  
R. B. TAYLOR, Agent, Grenfell.

Nild, will not turn out as satisfactory as was expected.

The Presbyterian church, Madoc, Ont., has been destroyed by fire.

It is reported that negotiations are in progress for the amalgamation of the Empire and Mail newspapers.

Miss Laura F. Langton, formerly of Winnipeg, and now of Chicago, is seeking divorce from her husband, Wm. M. Langton.

Major-General Cameron, of the Kingston Royal Military College, has written to the Times protesting against attacks on the House of Lords.

Charles Chamberlain, now in Stony Mountain penitentiary, is to be examined by a commission in

the case of his wife vs. ex-Warden Russell to recover \$1,100.

The bakery belonging to M. Airey, Moosemin, was burned Sunday last during church time.

The home of Miss Murray, of Barton township, was entered by burglars, who threatened to roast her unless she disclosed where the money was.

### TENDERS

TENDERS for the delivery of 20 cords of green wood, for the Qu'Appelle School, to be delivered not later than 15th March, 1895.  
C. E. CARTHEW, Sec. School Trustees.

### WANTED.

A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Fam- ily small; must be strong. Apply back door.  
MRS. CARTHEW.  
1411.